#### June 29, 2017

## **Business Cycle Index**

The BCI at 224.3 is above last week's upward revised 223.9, but for this Business Cycle remains below the previous high as indicated by the BCIp at 89.4. However, the 6-month smoothed annualized growth BCIg at 15.3 is below last week's 15.7.

No recession is signaled.

#### June 30, 2017

## Market Signals Summary:

The MAC-US model is invested. Also invested are the "VMNFX vs. SPY Timer" and the "3-mo Hi-Lo Index of the S&P500". The monthly updated S&P500 Coppock indicator is also invested. The MAC-AU is also invested. The recession indicators COMP and iM-BCIg do not signal a recession. The bond market model avoids high beta (long) bonds, and the downward trend in the yield curve continues. Both the gold and silver Coppock models are invested, and the iM-Gold Timer is in cash since 6/26/2017.

The <u>MAC-US</u> model generated a buy-signal 4/5/2016 and thus is invested in the stockmarkets. The sell-spread (red graph) is below last week's level and has to fall below zero to signal a sell.

The <u>3-mo Hi-Lo Index</u> of the S&P500 is below last week's level and at 7.99% (last week 8.27%) and is in the market since 5/25/2017.

The <u>VMNFX vs. SPY Timer</u> signaled an entry into the stock markets on 3/28/2016. For this model to exit the markets the indicator has to rise above the 2% trigger line, the indicator is below last week's level.

The MAC-AU model is invested in the markets after it generated a buy signal on March 21, 2016. The sell-spread is below last week's level and has to fall below zero to signal a sell. This model and its application is described in <u>MAC-Australia: A Moving Average Crossover</u> <u>System for Superannuation Asset Allocations</u>.

#### **Recession:**

Figure 3 shows the COMP below last week's level. No recession is indicated. COMP can be used for stock market exit timing as discussed in this article <u>The Use of Recession</u> <u>Indicators in Stock Market Timing</u>.

Figure 3.1 shows the recession indicator iM-BCIg which is also down from last week's level. An imminent recession is not signaled. Please also refer to the <u>BCI page</u> The Forward Rate Ratio between the 2-year and 10-year U.S. Treasury yields (FRR2-10) is near the previous week's level and far away from signalling a recession. A downward trend of the FRR2-10 has set in. A description of this indicator can be <u>found here</u>.

# Bond-market:

The <u>BVR-model</u> avoids high beta bonds (long-bonds) and also intermediate duration bonds.

The Bond Value Ratio is shown in Fig 4. The BVR is down from week's level. According to the model, only when BVR turns upward after having been lower than the lower offset-line should one consider long bonds again.

# The Yield Curve:

The <u>yield curve model</u> indicates the trend of the 10-year and 2-year Treasuries yield spread. Figure 5 charts (i10 - i2) showing a continued downward trend. A buy FLAT signal was generated on 2/8/2017. FLAT and STPP are ETNs; STPP profits from a steepening yield curve and FLAT increases in value when the yield curve flattens. This model confirms the direction of the BVR.

# Gold:

The modified Coppock Gold indicator shown in Fig 6. This model generated a new buy signal early November 2016 and is invested in gold. This indicator is described in <u>Is it Time</u> to <u>Buy Gold Again? – Wait for the buy signal ......</u>

The <u>iM GOLD-TIMER Rev-1</u> sold gold on 6/26/2017 and is in cash.

## Silver:

The modified Coppock Silver indicator shown in Fig 7. This model generated a new buy signal late November 2016 and is invested in silver.

This indicator is described in <u>Silver – Better Than Gold: A Modified Coppock Indicator for</u> <u>Silver.</u>

Monthly Updates

June 2, 2017 (next update July 7, 2017)

## Unemployment

The unemployment rate recession model (article link), has been updated with the May UER of 4.3%. Based on the historic patterns of the unemployment rate indicators prior to recessions one can reasonably conclude that the U.S. economy is not likely to go into recession anytime soon. The growth rate UERg is unchanged at -7.81% (previous at -7.81%) and EMA spread of the UER is -0.31% (previous at -0.26).

Here is the link to the full update.

## The Dynamic Linearly Detrended Enhanced Aggregate Spread:

The updated level of this indicator, -88bps, confirms the January 20, 2017 signal. Based on past history a recession could start at the earliest in October 2017, but not later than May 2019. The average lead time to previous recessions provided by DAGS was 15 months which would indicate a recession start for April 2018.

#### **Coppock Indicator for the S&P500**

The Coppock indicator for the S&P500 entered the market end May 2017. This model is in stocks. This indicator is described <u>here</u>.

# **CAPE-Cycle-ID**

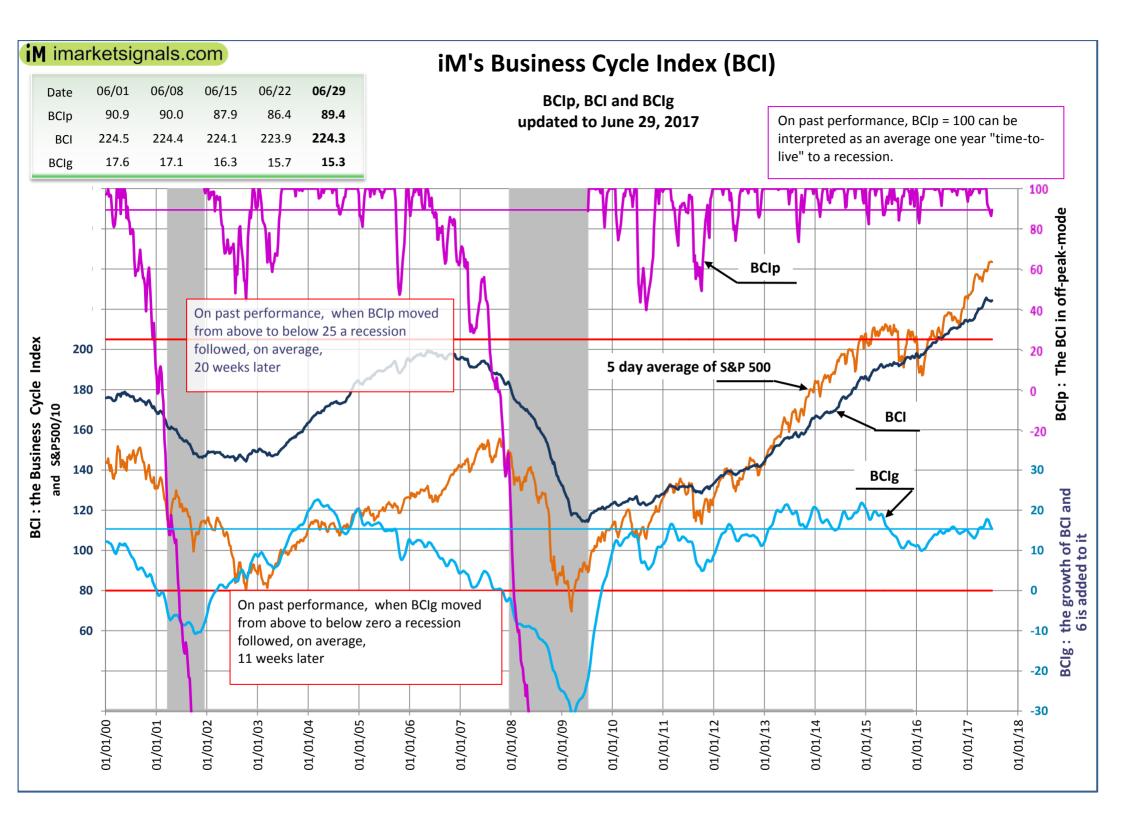
Fig 9a depicts the CAPE-Cycle-ID and the year-on-year rate-of-change of the Shiller CAPE. A model using this indicator invests in the market when the Cycle-ID is +2 or 0, and when the Cycle-ID equals -2 the model is in cash. This indicator is described <u>here</u>.

## **Trade Weighted USD**

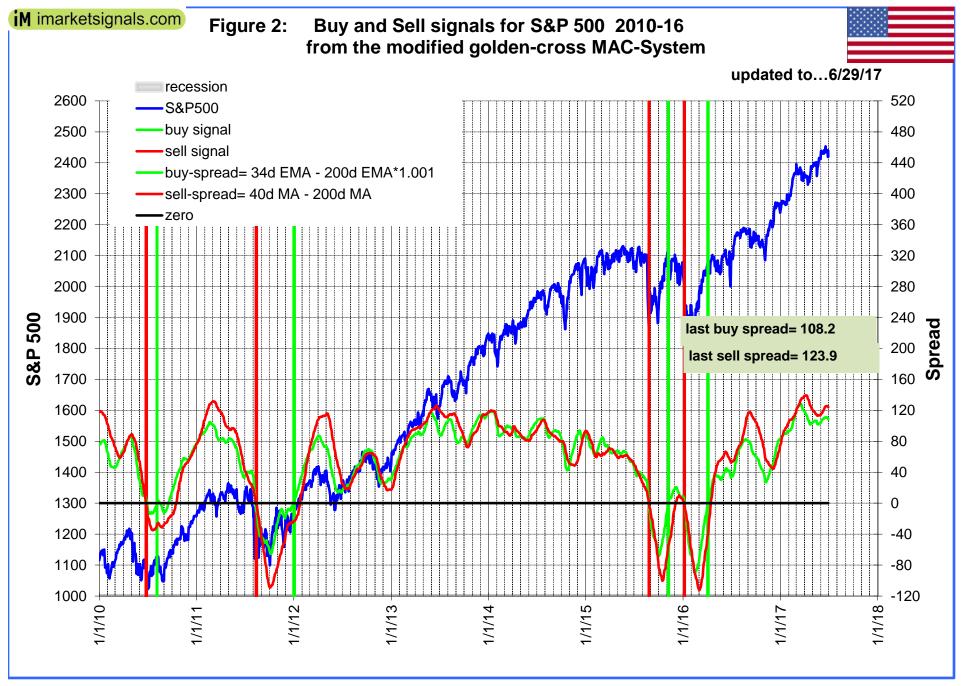
The rise of the TW\$ value seems to be halted for now and is possible trending downwards.

#### **TIAA Real Estate Account**

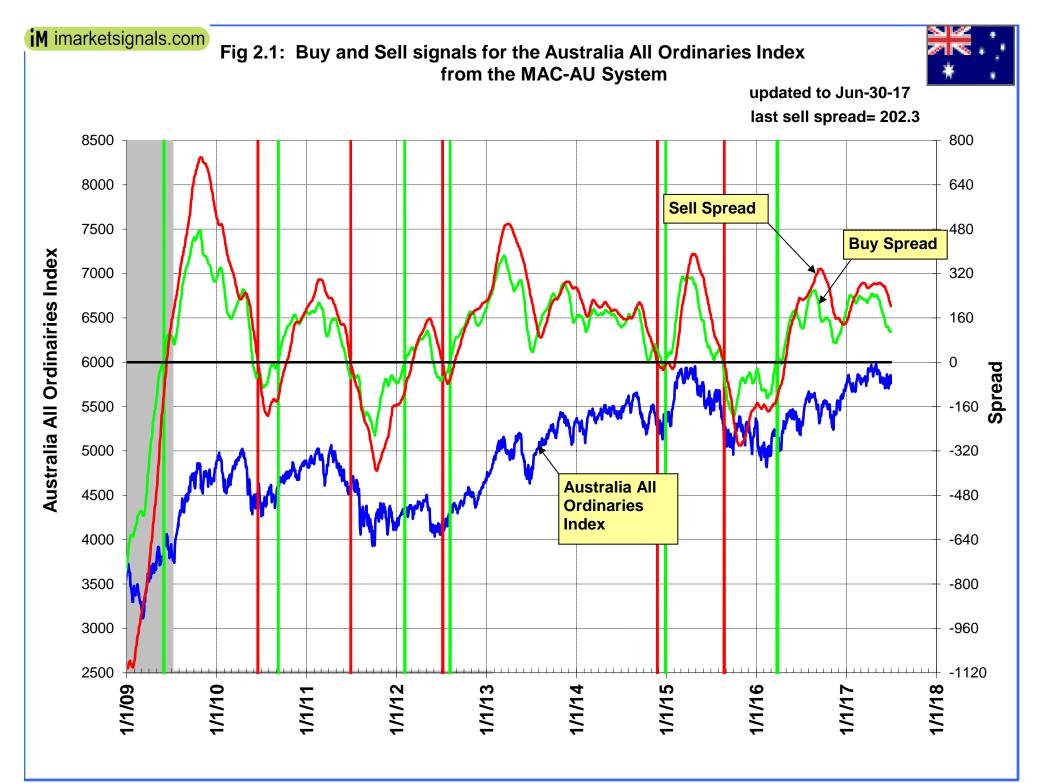
The 1-year rolling return for the end of last month is 4.09%. A sell signal is not imminent. Read more ...

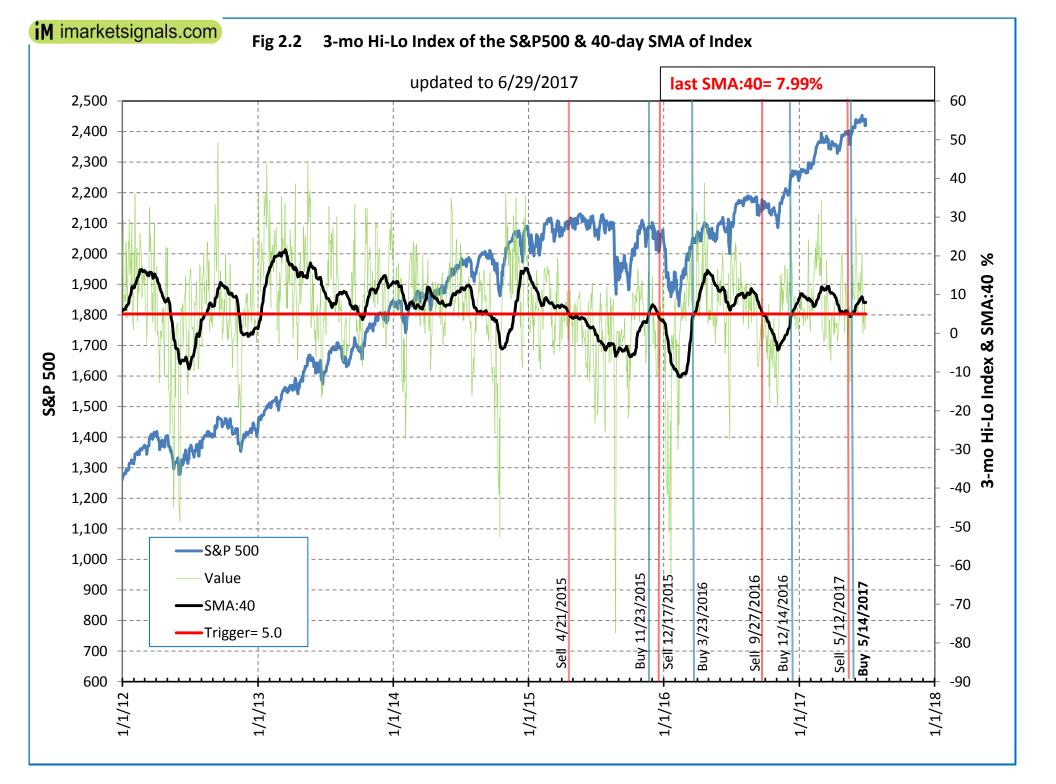


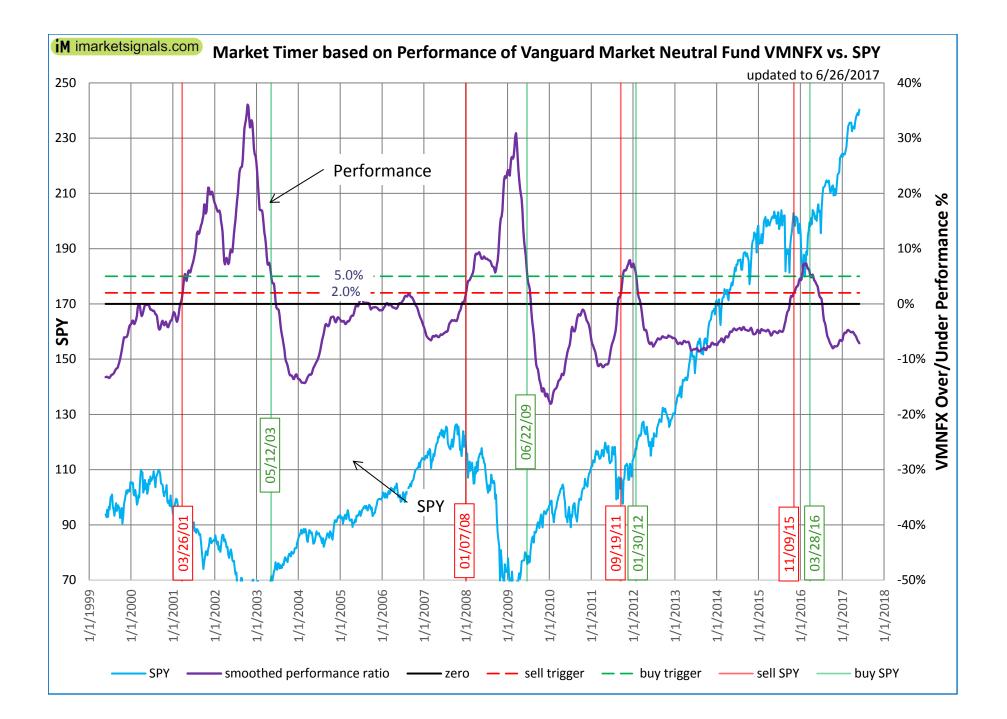
Please note: Past performance does not guarantee future returns, investments may increase or decrease in value and you may lose money using this model.

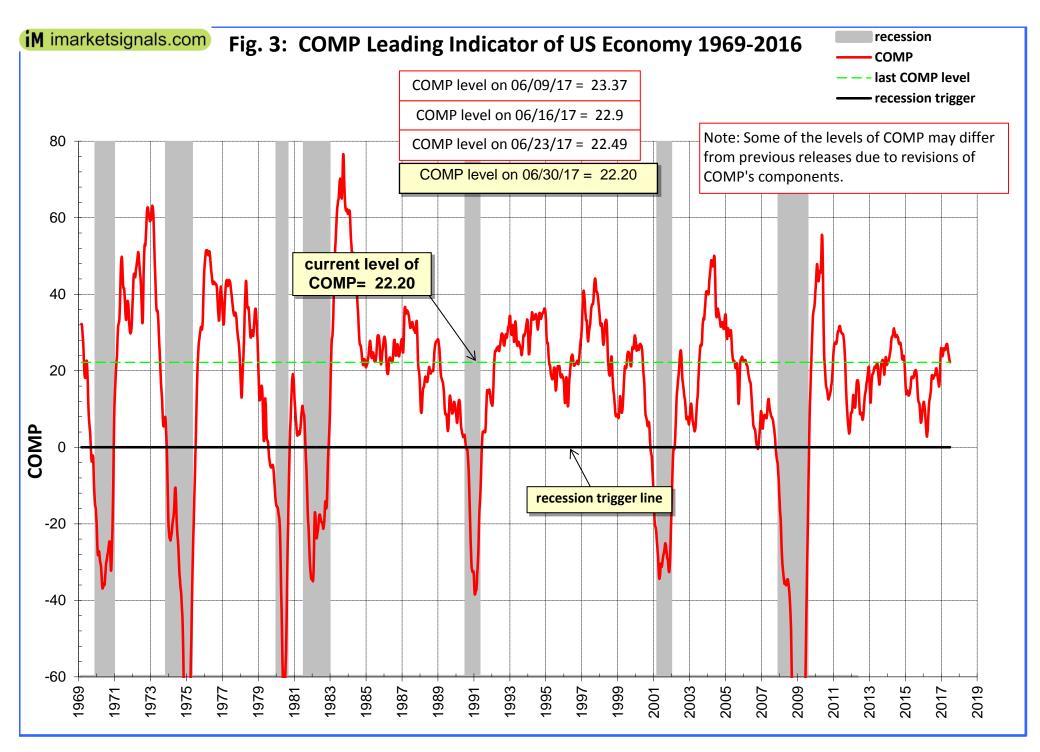


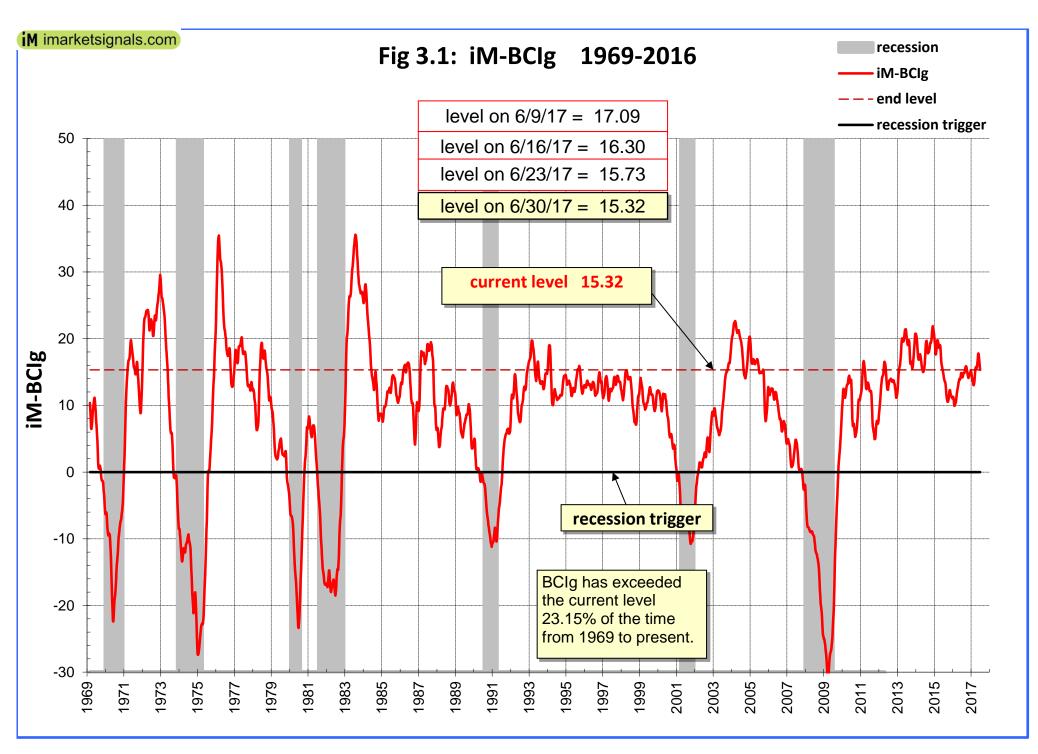
2-MAC rev8-27-15.xlsm











# **iM** imarketsignals.com Figure 3.2: Forward Rate Ratio FRR2-10 - leads to Recessions

